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Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

**Sixth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, April 2023**

**First Degree Programme under CBCSS**

**Mathematics**

**Elective**

**MM 1661.1 : GRAPH THEORY**

**(2018 Admission Onwards)**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

**SECTION – A**

Answer all the questions.

1. Define a simple graph.
2. Draw a complete graph on five vertices.
3. Define a complete bipartite graph.
4. Define incidence matrix of a graph.
5. State Cayley Theorem.
6. Define bridge of a graph.
7. Define a Hamiltonian graph.
8. Define closure of a graph.
9. State Kuratowski's Theorem.
10. Define a planar graph.

**(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)**

**P.T.O.**

SECTION – B

Answer any **eight** questions.

11. Define a  $k$ -regular graph. Give an example for a 3 – regular graph.
12. State and prove the First theorem of Graph Theory.
13. Define complement of a graph  $G$ . Find the complement of the cycle  $C_5$ .
14. Define a connected Graph. Write  $\omega(G)$  for a connected graph.
15. Let  $G$  be an acyclic graph with  $n$  vertices and  $k$  connected components, then prove that  $G$  has  $n-k$  edges.
16. Let  $G$  be a connected graph with  $n$  vertices and  $n-1$  edges. Prove that  $G$  is a tree.
17. Define Konigsberg Bridge Problem.
18. Explain Travelling salesman Problem in graph theoretical terms.
19. If the closure  $c(G)$  of a simple graph  $G$  is Hamiltonian, prove that  $G$  is Hamiltonian.
20. Is  $K_{3,3}$  Hamiltonian. Justify your answer.
21. If  $G$  is a simple planar graph, then prove that  $G$  has a vertex of degree less than 6.
22. Let  $P$  be a convex polyhedron and  $G$  be its corresponding Polyhedral graph. Let  $V_n$  denote the number of vertices of  $G$  of degree  $n \geq 3$  and let  $f_n$  denote the number of faces of  $G$  of degree  $n$  and  $e$  is the number of edges of  $G$ , then prove that  $\sum_{n \geq 3} nV_n = \sum_{n \geq 3} nf_n = 2e$ .

**(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)**

## SECTION – C

Answer any **six** questions.

23. Define odd or even vertex of a graph. In any graph  $G$ , prove that there is an even number of odd vertices.
24. Prove that a tree with  $n$  vertices has precisely  $n-1$  edges.
25. Let  $G$  be a graph with  $n$  vertices  $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n$  and let  $A$  denotes the adjacency matrix of  $G$  with respect to the listing of vertices. Let  $B = (b_{ij})$  be the matrix  $B = A + A^2 + \dots + A^{n-1}$ . Then  $G$  is a connected graph if and only if  $B$  has no zero entries off the main diagonal.
26. Let  $v$  be a vertex of the connected graph  $G$ . Then prove that  $v$  is a cut vertex of  $G$  if and only if there are two vertices  $u$  and  $w$  of  $G$ , both different from  $v$ , such that  $v$  is on every  $u$ - $w$  path in  $G$ .
27. Prove that an edge  $e$  of a graph  $G$  is a bridge if and only if  $e$  is not any part of any cycle in  $G$ .
28. Let  $G$  be a graph in which the degree of every vertex is at least two, then prove that  $G$  contains a cycle.
29. State and prove Euler's Formula.
30. Define (a) Subdivision of a graph (b) Contraction on an edge, using examples.
31. Let  $G$  be a simple 3-connected graph with at least 5 vertices. Then prove that  $G$  has a contractible edge.

**(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)**

## SECTION – D

Answer any **two** questions.

32. (a) Prove that every  $u$ - $v$  walk contains a  $u$ - $v$  path for any 2 vertices  $u$  and  $v$  of a graph  $G$ .
- (b) Let  $G$  be a graph with  $n$  vertices and  $q$  edges. Then prove that  $G$  has at least  $n - \omega(G)$  edges.

33. Let  $G$  be a simple graph with at least 3 vertices. Then prove that  $G$  is 2-connected if and only if for each pair of distinct vertices  $u$  and  $v$  of  $G$ , there are two internally disjoint  $u$ - $v$  paths in  $G$ .
34. (a) Prove that a connected graph  $G$  has an Euler trail if and only if it has at most two odd vertices.
- (b) Let  $T$  be a tree with at least 2 vertices and let  $P = u_0u_1\dots u_n$  be a longest path in  $T$ . Then prove that  $d(u_0) = d(u_n) = 1$ .
35. State and Prove Dirac Theorem.

**(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)**